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By Eurekh County Clerk

# IN THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF EUREKA

IN THE MATTER OF the Seventh Judicial District Court's Response to Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)

On March 12, 2020, Governor Steve Sisolak declared a state of emergency in Nevada in response to the recent outbreak of the Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19). Given the severity of the risk posed to the public by COVID-19, and after considering recommendations by the Nevada Supreme Court Chief Justice Kristina Pickering, and consultation with the Honorable Gary D. Fairman, the Chief Judge of the District Court has determined that alterations to court procedure are necessary for the protections of the community.

Article 3, Section 1 of the Nevada Constitution provides that, "The powers of the Government of the State of Nevada shall be divided into three separate departments, – Legislative, – the Executive and the Judicial; and no persons charged with the exercise of powers properly belonging to one of these debartments shall exercise any functions, appertaining to either of the others, except in the cases expressly directed or permitted in this constitution." "In addition to the constitutionally expressed powers and functions of each Department (the Legislative, the Executive, and the Judicial) each possesses inherent and incidental powers that are properly termed *ministerial*. Ministerial functions are methods of implementations to accomplish or put into effect the basic function of each Department." Galloway v. Truesdell, 83 Nev. 13, 21, 422 P.2d 237, 243 (1967).

Following the March 12, 2020, Declaration of Emergency this Court exercised the ministerial judicial power and on March 17, 2020, entered an emergency order.

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This Order changed court procedures so as to minimize person-to-person contact and mitigate the risk associated with COVID-19 pandemic, while continuing to provide essential court services. The Order specifies that it "shall be reviewed no later than every 30 days and shall continue until modified or rescinded by subsequent order."

On March 30, 2020, this Court entered a second administrative order which temporarily suspended court rules that prohibit or restrict the court clerk from receiving documents through fax or email.

On March 31, 2020, Governor Sisolak entered Declaration of Emergency Directive 010, which directs Nevadans to stay home except to see or provide essential services. Directive 010 extends the declared emergency through April 30, 2020. Consistent with this Directive and its original Order, the Court has reviewed the prior Administrative Order and, after consultation with the Chief Justice of the Nevada Supreme Court, orders as follows:

- This order shall serve to extend the prior order regarding fax or email documents and extend and modify the prior order regarding general court procedures.
- All jury trials, civil and criminal, to commence on or before June 1,
  are suspended, and will be rescheduled as the court calendar allows.

This order shall operate to stay trials in civil cases for purposes of NRCP 41(e). The time period of any continuance entered in a criminal trial as a result of this order may be considered by the court to be good cause for purposes of calculating a speedy trial under NRS 178.556(1), and NRS 174.511 and any constitutional mandates for a speedy trial.

The need to protect the public, parties to cases, and court staff from COVID-19 will be afforded substantial weight in any claim of a denial of the right to a speedy trial.

Absent further order of the court, the period of exclusion shall be from March

16, 2020 through July 1, 2020. The court may extend the period of exclusion as appropriate.

- During this time, District Court will continue to accept filings and continue to manage cases within the parameter set forth in this order and the prior orders.
- 4. Effective March 16, 2020 until June 1, 2020, all court hearings involving in-custody inmates from the Nevada Department of Corrections are postponed until a later date or until audio/video technology is available. The potential risk of infecting an inmate who could then spread the virus throughout the prison mandates this action.
- 5. Effective March 16, 2020 until June 1, 2020, all Court hearings involving in-custody inmates at the Eureka County Sheriff's Office and in-custody inmates in neighboring counties are postponed until a later date or until audio/video technology is available. The potential risk of infecting an inmate who could who could then spread the virus throughout the jail mandates this action. The court may exercise its discretion and allow physical presence of inmates for good cause shown.
- 6. All currently scheduled non-essential District Court hearings shall be conducted by video or telephonic means, decided on the pleadings or rescheduled unless otherwise directed by the presiding judge. This includes all status hearings, 432B staffings, 432B cases, and juvenile delinquency cases.
- 7. Essential case types and hearings shall be conducted by video or telephonic means unless the specific case requires in person appearances. Essential case types and hearings include the following:
  - a. Criminal sentencings, arraignments, and probation revocation hearings;
  - b. Civil commitment cases;
  - Guardianship matters except for compliance related hearings which include annual accountings;

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- d. Domestic temporary or extended protections orders;
- e. Juvenile delinquency matters;
- f. Abuse and neglect preliminary protective hearings;
- g. High-risk protective orders;
- Civil temporary restraining orders and preliminary/permanent injunctive relief hearings;
- i. Probate petitions for orders of cremation;
- Other than jury trials, case-by-case exceptions may be ordered at the discretion of a District Court Judge;
- k. Drug Court, however, drug court team members are encouraged to appear telephonically for staffing and at their discretion may skip court. Participants may be required to attend court on an individual basis.
- 8. The Center for Disease Control has advised people to take precautions and that the best way to prevent illness is to avoid exposure. As a result, the County is ordered to continue to post a notice at the entrance of all District Court facilities advising the following people that they may not enter the court facility:
  - Persons who have been asked to self-quarantine by any doctor, hospital, or health agency;
  - Persons who have been diagnosed with coronavirus or who have had contact in the past 14 days with anyone who has been diagnosed with COVID-19; or
  - c. Persons with unexplained fever, cough or shortness of breath.

Anyone attempting to enter in violation of these protocols will be denied entry by District Court Bailiffs or Deputy Sheriffs.

#### CIVIL CASES

- 9. <u>Issuance of Summons</u>. A party or lawyer seeking to have the Clerk of the Court issue summons under NRCP 4(b) shall fax, mail, or email the summons with the Clerk (or e-file when available), who will issue the summons and return a copy of it by mail in a stamped, self-addressed envelope provided by the requestor included for that purpose, or by email.
- 10. <u>Service of Summons</u>. The court recognizes that accomplishing personal service of process may pose significant challenges at this time, given the closure of non-essential businesses and stay-home directives. Properly documented service issues related to the COVID-19 pandemic may constitute "good cause" for the extension of time for service pursuant to NRCP 4(e), whether the motion is made before or after the one hundred twenty (120) day service period.
- 11. Extensions of time deadlines. Pursuant to NRCP 6(b), the Court recognizes the COVID-19 emergency may constitute "good cause" and "excusable neglect" warranting the extension of time in non-essential civil case types. This does not apply to the time deadlines the NRCP 6(b)(2) states must not be extended (motions under NRCP 50(b), 52(b), 59, and 60 and motions made after NRCP 54(d)(2) time has expired).
- 12. Rule 16.1, 16.2, and 16.205 early case conferences. NRCP 16.1, 16.2, and 16.205 early case conferences should continue to take place but are to be conducted by telephone, teleconference, videoconference or other remote means. Until July 1, 2020, if an early case conference cannot be accomplished by alternate means, it shall be rescheduled. No early case conference shall be conducted in person while this order is in effect. On stipulation or order entered after motion therefor, the deadlines for initial disclosures, supplements and other written discovery may be extended. If not stayed, such discovery shall be exchanged by mail or through

- 13. <u>Rule 16 conferences</u>. NRCP 16 pretrial scheduling conferences will still take place when possible. Rule 16 conferences are to be conducted by video or telephonic means or, if they cannot be conducted remotely, rescheduled at the direction of the assigned District Court Judge.
- 14. NRCP 25(a)(1). The COVID-19 pandemic poses special challenges for dealing with the death of a party and timely substitution of a successor or representative. To alleviate those challenges, consistent with NRCP 1, NRCP 25(a)(1) is tolled during the period of the COVID-19 emergency.
- 15. Depositions through remote electronic means. During the period of the COVID-19 emergency, no in-person depositions shall proceed except on stipulation or order obtained on motion demostrating cause therefor. Depositions by remote means may proceed as provided in NRCP 30(b)(4). The Court interprets NRCP 28(a)(1) and NRCP 30 to allow the deposition officer to be in a separate location from the deponent. See SCR IX-B (A) and (B) Rules 9.
- 16. NRCP 41(e). This order and its predecessor shall operate to stay trials in civil cases and toll the time for bringing a case to trial for purposes of NRCP 41(e) until July 1, 2020.
- 17. <u>Non-july trials in civil cases</u>. Any scheduled non-jury trials in non-essential civil cases are stayed. On order of the District Court and for good cause shown, a non-jury trial may be rescheduled or conducted by alternative means.
- 18. <u>Non-jury trials and hearings in civil-domestic cases</u>. Non-jury trials and evidentiary hearings in civil-domestic cases may be conducted by alternative means or continued, or be decided on a case-by-case basis.

### CRIMINAL CASES

19. Appearances by in-custody defendants. In-custody defendants will

appear by alternate means when possible. No defendant who is in isolation pursuant to the detention health protocol will be brought for any court appearance. Attorneys may appear by alternate means, when available.

20. Out-of-custody matters. Out-of-custody matters may be decided by the judge or may be heard at the discretion of the judge if the matter can be heard entirely by alternate means. Otherwise, out-of-custody matters will be continued, including status checks for specialty courts.

## JUVENILE DELINQUENCY

- 21. <u>In-custody juvenile appearance</u>. Subject to constitutional, statutory, and rule requirements, the court will exercise its discretion to insure that contested juvenile hearings, detention hearings, admit or deny hearings, certification hearings, disposition hearings, probation violation hearings, and parole violations for incustody juveniles will be held in a way that protects the health and safety of all involved. These hearings will, if possible, be conducted by alternative means. Attorneys, probation officers, social workers, parents, guardians, and any other necessary parties are strongly encouraged to appear by alternative means. Video appearances are strongly preferred. No in-custody juvenile who is hospitalized, isolated, or quarantined will be transported to court or appear for a court proceeding, until the juvenile is no longer under any hospitalization, isolation, or quarantine.
- Out-of-custody matters. All matters where the juvenile is out of custody shall be heard by audio/video means or will be continued until further order of the court.

## JUVENILE DEPENDENCY AND ADOPTIONS

- 23. Abuse and Neglect.
  - Initial protective custody hearings will continue to be heard as an essential case type.

- b. The COVID-19 pandemic is good cause to continue all adjudicatory hearings set under NRS 432B.530 until June 1, 2020.
- c. Disposition hearings held under NRS 432B.540 and NRS 432B.550 currently set will be decided on the report filed with the court. Attorneys, parents and children may file a report to supplement the DCFS recommendations for disposition, placement and services. All disputed dispositions will be heard by teleconference.
- d. All semi-annual and annual reviews to be heard during the next 30 days under NRS 432B.580 and NRS 432B.590 will be decided on the reports submitted by DCFS to the court. Attorneys, parents and children may file a supplemental information for the court's consideration. The court may notice parties of a court hearing with an appearance by alternative means for disputed issues.
- e. Hearings regarding presumptions held under NRS 432B.153, 432B.157, 432B.159 and 432B.555 will be continued for at least 30 days, unless the parties stipulate to the facts a decision can be made on the papers, and that the court determines extraordinary circumstances exist to proceed with the hearings.

## 24. Termination of Parental Rights.

- a. Uncontested motions to terminate parental rights under 432B.5901 and any unrelated motions may be decided on the pleadings and papers filed unless the court determines a hearing is required. Contested motions shall be continued or heard by audio/visual means if all parties are in agreement.
- b. All mediations conducted pursuant to NRS 432B.5904 will be continued 30 days unless arrangements can be made to hold the

mediation by alternative means.

25. <u>Adoptions</u>. Adoptions will be conducted by alternative means unless the court determines otherwise.

## FINAL PROVISIONS

- 26. Attorney obligations. Attorneys, as officers of the court, have ethical obligations for cooperative civility under normal circumstances. This Court, under the present emergency, reminds attorneys that they have an obligation to be cooperative with courts and each other as we all navigate this emergency.
- 27. <u>Duration</u>. This order shall be reviewed no later than every 30 days and shall remain in effect until thirty (30) days following the expiration of the March 12, 2020 Governor's Emergency Declaration or until modified or rescinded by a subsequent order, whichever occurs earlier.

DATED this \_572 day of May, 2020.

STEVE L. DOBRESCU Chief District Court Judge, Dept. 1